1:1

[1-3] words of (the) Gatherer, son of David, king in Jerusalem [1] vanity of vanities [4] (there) has said, (the) Gatherer [2] vanity of vanities [3] all is vanity [4-5] what advantage (is it) to man in all his toil which he toils under the sun? [1-2] a generation is going, and a generation is coming [3] and the earth, to everlasting, is standing [4-5] and (there) has risen, the sun, and (there) has gone, the sun [6-8] and to his place, panting, (there) is rising, him, there [9-10] (there) is going to (the) south and turning around to (the) north – [1-2] turning around, turning around [3] (there) is going, the wind [4] and upon its circuits, (there) is returning, the wind [5] all the streams are going toward the sea [6-7] and the sea – there is not, it, (being) full [8] to (the) place which the streams are going -[9-10] there they are returning, to go [1] all the words [matters] (are) weary [2-3] (there) is not able, a man, to speak (it) [4-5] (there) is not satisfied, (the) eye, to see [6-7] and (there) is not filled, (the) ear, with, to hear [8-10] what, which has been – it (is) which, (there) will be [1-3] and what, which has been done – it (is) which, (there) will be done [4] and there is not anything new, under the sun [5-6] is there a word which says [7-8] "see this - new, it (is)?" [9-10] already it has been, to everlastings which were before us [1] there is not remembrance for firsts [former things]

--- major paragraph break ---

remembrance

[5-6] I, (the) Gatherer, was king over Israel in Jerusalem [7-9] and I gave my heart to seek and to find out with wisdom upon all

[2-3] and also for latter things which will be – (there) will not be, for them,

[5] (there) has been done under the sun

[4] with (those) who will be, to, last

which,

This is a translation and a study of the Book of Ecclesiastes. This work presents the possible presence of a literary numbering system in Ecclesiastes. Following the PebbleCounting hypothesis, this numbering system appears to be inherent in the Ancient Hebrew and consistently used throughout Ecclesiastes, as it is in other books of Scripture.

1

This study and its accompanying video are freely available at www.pebblecounting.com, along with studies/translations of other books of Scripture. If you haven't had a chance to watch it, the "Intro to PebbleCounting" video is a good place to begin.

The PebbleCounting hypothesis: © Steve, 2024-2025. English translation of Ecclesiastes, font coloring, arrangement of subject columns and literary sets, literary element counts, and notes and tables: © Steve, 2025. Update: November 10, 2025.

Ecclesiastes may be structured as two literary thousandfold statures, each corresponding with a thousand years, and mirrored about a central reflection point. The second of these statures may involve a second literary mirror featuring the waxing and waning of the lunisolar year. Themes of "turning" and "returning" are prevalent, as is the focus upon time itself. In composing literary statures, Solomon uniquely combines the counts for literary elements and for special numbers (tan font) with the literary conversion values for time-related words ("day"/ "days," "years," "morning," etc., in purple font). This is the first such instance observed in *pebblecounting*.

The "wind" is portrayed as arising from the north. First, it blows to the south. Then it turns around to the north. Then it is "turning around, turning around" for two more instances of directional change. Then the wind "is going" and "is returning," for another doubled instance of directional change. Taken together, this literary sixfold may have significance in relation to the "coming" and "going" of humanity's generations – particularly the thousand-year variety featured here in Ecclesiastes (see 6:6 and 7:28-29). This "wind" is the same Hebrew noun as the "spirit" which arises from God who gave it, and which turns back to him (12:7). There may be a literary parallel between "the north" (source of wind) and the abode of God, the source of spirit for earth's generations. Overlaying the sixfold of wind/spirit with the reflected thousand-year statures, Solomon may allude to a sixthousandfold measure of the age. See Daniel for a similar macrostructure.

[6] it (is) a business of evil -[1] (there) has given, God, to sons of man – [7] to be occupied with it [10] I have seen: [8] all the works which are done under the sun [9-10] and behold, all (are) vanity and a pursuit of wind [1-3] (the) being crooked, (there) is not able, to straighten [4-5] and (the) lack is not able, to be numbered [1-2] I have spoken – I – with my heart, saying [3-4] I – behold, I have become great and have added wisdom above all [5] who were before me over Jerusalem [6-7] and my heart has seen much wisdom and knowledge [8-10] and I gave my heart to know wisdom and to know madnesses and [1-2] I have known that also this – it (is) pursuit of wind [3] because in much wisdom (is) much vexation [4-5] and he (who) adds knowledge, adds anguish 1:18 [1-2] I have spoken – I – in my heart 2:1 [3-4] "come now, I will test you with joy [5] and see (the) good" [6] and behold, also it (was) vanity [7] to laughter, I have said: [8] "being mad" [9] and to joy: [10] what is this accomplishing? [1-2] I have searched with my heart, to cheer with wine my body [3] and my heart was guiding with wisdom [4-5] and to grasp at folly, until which, I would see [1-2] where (was) this good for sons of man, which they do under the heavens, number of days of their lives [1-2] I made great, my works; I built for myself houses [3] I planted for myself vineyards [4-5] I made for myself gardens and orchards [6] and I planted in them, tree of all fruit [7-8] I made for myself pools of water, to water from them [9] a forest of growing trees [10] I bought male-servants [1] and female-servants

3

[2] and sons of house were to me [3-5] also possessions of cattle and sheep, many, were to me [6] from [more than] all who had been before me in Jerusalem [7-8] I gathered for myself also silver and gold [9-10] and treasure of kings and the provinces [1-2] I did for myself male-singers and female-singers [3-5] and delights of (the) sons of man: concubine and concubines [1-2] and I became great and added from [more than] all [3] who were before me in Jerusalem [4] indeed, my wisdom stood for me [5-6] and all which (there) asked, my eyes (two) [7] I did not reserve from them [8] I did not withhold my heart from all joy [9] because my heart (was) joyful from all my toil [10] and this was my portion from all my toil [1-2] and I turned – I – at all my work [3-4] which (there) had done, my hands (two) [5] and at my toil – [6-7] which I had toiled, to do [8-9] and behold – all (was) vanity and a pursuit of wind [10] and there was not an advantage under the sun [1-2] and I turned – I – to see wisdom [3-4] and madnesses and folly [3-4] because what (can be) the man who comes after the king? [5] which already, he [the king] has done it! [1-2] and I saw - I -[5-6] that there is advantage to wisdom from [more than] the folly, as (there is) advantage of the light from [more than] the darkness [7-8] the wise – his eyes (two) (are) in his head [9] and the fool, in darkness, is going [3-4] and I knew - also I -[10] that fate, one, befalls all of them [5-6] and I said – I, in my heart – [7] as fate of the fool, also (to) me, it will happen [8-9] and to what have I been wise – I – then, excessively? [10] and I said in my heart

[1] that also this (is) vanity

- Heaven
 - [2] because there is not a remembrance for the wise with the fool, to forever
 - [3-4] in which, already, the days, the coming all will have been forgotten
 - [5] and how (there) dies, the wise, with the fool!
 - [1] and I hated the lives
 - [2-3] because evil upon me (was) the work which was done under the sun
 - [4-5] because all (was) vanity and a pursuit of wind
 - [1-2] and I hated I all my toil
 - [3] which I toiled under the sun
 - [4] which, I must leave it to a man -
 - [1] who will be after me
 - [2] and who is knowing -
 - [3] if, wise, he will be, or a fool?
 - [4] and he will be master of all my toil
 - [5-6] which I have toiled and which I have exercised wisdom under the sun
 - [7] also this (is) vanity
 - [8-9] and I turned I to make despair, my heart, over all the toil
 - [10] which I had done under the sun
 - [5-7] because there is a man who his toil (is) with wisdom and with knowledge and with skill
 - [8] and to a man who (there) is not toil in it –
 - [9] he must give him, his portion
 - [10] also this (is) vanity
 - [1-2] and an evil, great!
 - [3-4] because what is being to a man in all his toil and in vexation of his heart
 - [5] which, he is toiling under the sun?
 - [6-7] because all his days (are) pains, and a vexation (is) his task
 - [8] even at night, (there) does not rest, his heart
 - [9-10] also this a vanity, it (is)
 - [1-3] there is not good [better] for a man, which [than], he should eat and drink
 - [4-5] and see his soul (being) good in his toil
 - [1-2] also this, I have seen I -
 - [6] that from hand of God, it (is) -
 - [7-8] because who eats and who hastens outside without Me [Him]?
 - [9] because to man who (is) good before Him -
- [2-4] He has given wisdom and knowledge and joy
 - [10] and to him, sinning –
- [5] He has given a task:
 - [1-2] to gather and to collect, to give to (the) good before God
 - [4-5] also this (is) vanity and a pursuit of wind

5

[1] for everything (there is) an appointed-time 3:1 [2] and a time (there is) for every delight under the sun: --- minor paragraph break ---[3-4] a time to bear and a time to die [5-7] a time to plant and a time to uproot (the) having been planted [8-9] a time to kill and a time to heal [10] a time to break through -[1] and a time to build [2-3] a time to weep and a time to laugh [4-5] a time to lament and a time to dance [6-7] a time to cast away stones and a time to gather stones [8-10] a time to embrace and a time to be far from, to embrace [1-2] a time to seek and a time to destroy [3-4] a time to keep and a time to cast away [5-6] a time to tear and a time to sew together [7-8] a time to be silent and a time to speak [9-10] a time to love and a time to hate [1-2] a time of war and a time of peace --- minor paragraph break ---[3-4] what advantage (is) the, (him) working [5] in which, he (is) a laborer? [3] I have seen the task [1] which (there) has given, God, to the sons of man [1] to give account for it [2] everything, He has made beautiful in its time [3] also eternity, He has placed in their heart [2] except which, (there) cannot find out, the man -[4-5] the works which (there) has done, God, from beginning and unto end [4] and I knew [3-5] that there is not good for them except, to rejoice and to do good in lives of it [6-8] and also every man who eats and drinks and sees good in all his toil -[9] a gift of God, it (is) [5] and I knew [1] that everything which (there) does, God – [10] it will be to eternity [1-2] upon it, there is not, to add [3-4] and from it, there is not, to reduce

6

[2] and God has done (it) [5] which, they should fear before Him [1-2] what, that has been already, it (is) [3-4] and which is to be – already, it has been [3] and God seeks [5] (the) being pursued [6] and still, I saw under the sun: [1-2] place of the judgment – there (was) the wickedness [3-4] and place of the righteousness – there (was) wickedness [7-8] I said – I – in my heart [4-5] the righteous and the wicked, (there) will judge, God [5-6] because a time for every delight and upon every work, there (is) [9-10] | said – | – in my heart, upon cause of sons of man: [1-2] to purify them, God, and to see [7-8] which, they, a beast, they (are) – to them [9-10] because fate of sons of man and fate of the beast -[1] and a fate, one, (it is) for them [2-3] as (is) death of this, so (is) death of this [4] and a breath [wind], one, (is) to all [5] and advantage of the man from [more than] the beast – there is not [6] because all (is) vanity [7] all are going to a place, one [8-9] all are from the dust, and all are returning to the dust [10] who is knowing -[1-2] spirit [wind] of sons of man, the, going up – it (is) to above [3-4] and spirit [wind] of the beast, the, going down – it (is) to beneath, [5] to (the) earth [1] and I saw [1-2] that there is not good [better], from [than] which, (there) rejoices, the man, in his work [3] because it (is) his portion [3] because who will bring him [4-5] to see at what, which, (there) will be after him? 3:22

4:1

[2-4] and I turned – I – and I saw [1-2] all the [those] being oppressed, which were being done under the sun [3] and behold, tears of the [those] being oppressed [4] and there was not to them, comforting [5-6] and from hand of [those] oppressing them (was) power [7] and there was not, to them, comforting [5] and to praise, I – [8-9] the having died, which, already had died from the alive – [10] which, they (were) alive still -[1-2] and better than two of them (was he) who still had not been [3-4] who had not seen the works, the evil [5] which had been done under the sun [6-7] and I saw - I -[1-2] every toil and every skill of the work, [3] that it (is) jealousy of a man from his fellow [4-5] also this (is) vanity and a pursuit of wind [1-2] the fool is clasping his hands (two) and is eating his flesh [3] better (is) fullness of a hand of quiet [4-5] than (is) fullness of handfuls (two) of trouble and a pursuit of wind [8-10] and I turned – I – and I saw vanity under the sun: [1-2] there is one, and there is not a second [3-4] also son and brother, there was not to him [5] and there was not an end to all his toil [6] also his eye was not satisfied (with) wealth [7] and, "for whom (am) I a laborer [8] and depriving my soul from pleasure?" [9] also this (is) vanity [10] and a task of evil, (is) it [1-2] better (are) the two than the one [3-4] which, there is to them a wage, good, in their toil [5-6] because if they fall, the one raises up his fellow [7] but woe (is) to him -[8-9] the one who falls, and there is not a second, [10] to raise up, him

hands (two)?

Ecclesiastes 8

 [1-2] also if (there) lie down, two [3] and it warms, for them [4] and for one – how will it become warm? [5] and if (there) will overpower him, the one – [6-7] the two will stand in front of him [8-10] and the cord, the being-threefold, will not in haste be torn apart 	
 [1-3] better (is) a youth – poor and wise – than a king, [4-5] old and foolish, who does not know, to be warned, still [6-8] because from house of the, being bound, he went out, to reign [9-10] because also, in his kingdom, he had been born, being poor 	
 [1] I have seen – [1-2] all the alive, the, going under the sun with the youth, the second [3] who would stand in his place [4] and there was not an end to all the people [5] to all who were before them 	
[6] also the latter [people] did not rejoice in him [7-8] because also this (is) vanity and a pursuit of wind	4:16
[9-10] guard your foot as which, you go to house of God – [1-2] and to draw near, to listen, [3] than to give, (of) the fool, a sacrifice	5:1
[4-5] for there is not, them, knowing, [their] to do, evil	4:17 Heb
[1] do not hurry upon your mouth [2-3] and your heart, do not hasten, to utter a word before God [4] because God (is) in (the) heavens [4] and you (are) upon the earth [5] upon this, let (there) be, your words, few [6] because (there) comes, the dream, with an abundance of business [7] and (the) voice of (the) fool, with an abundance of words [8] as which, you vow a vow to God – [9-10] do not delay, to fulfill it	5:1 Heb.
[5] because there is not [His] delight in fools	
[1-2] (that) which you vow, fulfill [3-4] better (it is) which, you do not vow [5-6] than which, you vow and do not fulfill [7-8] do not set your mouth, to make sin, your flesh [9-10] and do not say before the angel, that an error, it (was) [1-2] to what should (there) be angry, God, at your voice, and destroy (the) work of	f vour

[1-2] because in (the) abundance of dreams and vanities [3-4] and words, many -[5] because God, you should fear! [1] if oppression of (the), being poor, [2-3] and plunder of justice and righteousness, you see, in (the) province – [4] do not be astounded over the matter [2] because (of the) high – from above, a higher (one), is watching – [3] and higher (ones) above them [5] and an advantage of (the) land, in everything, (is) it: [3] a king, for a field, has been served [1-2] (he) loving silver will not be satisfied (with) silver [3-4] and whoever is loving at wealth, not (with) revenue [5] also this (is) vanity [1] in (there), to be great, the goodness – [2-3] (there) are many, (those) eating it [4-5] and what advantage (is there) to its owners, except sight of his eyes (two)? [1-3] sweet (is) sleep of the (him) serving, whether little and whether much, he eats [4-5] and the abundance for (the) rich – there is not, it, making rest to him, to sleep [1-2] there is an evil, being sick -[4] I have seen under the sun: [3] wealth being kept by its owners, to his harm [4-5] and (there) perished, the wealth, the it, in a task of evil [1] and he had fathered a son [2] and there was not, in his hand, anything [3-4] as which, he went out from womb of his mother – naked – [5-7] he will return, to go, as which he came [8-9] and nothing will he take for his toil which he made proceed with his hand [10] and also this (is) an evil – [1] being sick! [2-3] everything alongside which he had come – thus he will go [4-5] and what advantage (is there) to him, which, he toils for wind? [1] also, all his days, in darkness, he eats -[2-3] and he is angry, much – [4-5] and (in) his sickness and wrath [5-6] behold, which I have seen -I - (to be) good, [7] which, (to be) beautiful:

[1-3] to eat and to drink and to see good in all his toil [4] which, he toils under the sun (the) number of days of his lives [4] which, (there) has given to him, God [5] because it (is) his portion [6] also every man whom – [5-6] (there) has given to him, God, wealth and riches [7] and to empower him – [7-9] to eat from it and to take his portion and to rejoice in his toil: [8-9] this – a gift of God, it (is)!	
[10] for not much will he remember (the) days of his lives	
[10] because God occupies him with (the) joy of his heart	5:19 Heb., 5:20
[1] there is an evil [8] which I have seen under the sun [2] and great (is) it upon the man [3] (there is) a man whom – [1-3] (there) gives to him, God, wealth and possessions and honor	6:1
 [4-5] and there is not, his – a lack for his soul, from all which he des [4] and (there) does not empower him, God – [6-7] to eat from it, because a man, foreign, eats it! [8] this (is) vanity [9-10] and a sickness, evil, it (is) 	ires
 [1] if (there) fathers, a man, a hundred [2-3] and years, many, he lives [4] and many – which, (there) will be, days of his years [5] and his soul is not satisfied from the good [6] and also a burial, (there) is not, for him [9] I have said [7] better than him (is) the miscarriage! [8-9] because in vanity, it comes, and in darkness, it goes [10] and in darkness, its name is covered 	100
[1-2] also (the) sun, it has not seen and has not known[3] rest (is) to this (one), rather than this [that] (one)[4]* and though he should live a thousand of years —	1000
[5-6]* occasions (two) – ———————————————————————————————————	1000

"a thousand of years, occasions (two)" | Ecclesiastes may be structured around two thousandfold values reflected about these "occasions (two)." The blue dashed line divide these two occasions, between elements 5 and 6 of this literary set. Leading up to this reflection point are 658 literary elements of total literary count:

Heaven: 34
Earth: 480
Gatherer: 144
Total: 658

Leading up to this reflection point is a 342-fold value of literary time conversions, using the same conversions observed elsewhere in Scripture:

•	(31x) "time" at tenfold conversion value =	310-fold
•	(1x) "appointed-time" at singlefold conversion value	= 1-fold
•	(7x) "days" at threefold conversion value =	27-fold
•	(3x) "years" at threefold conversion value =	9-fold
•	(2x) rising of the sun, at 0.5-fold conversion value =	1-fold
•	Total:	342-fold

Total literary stature at the reflection point: 658 + 342-fold = 1000-fold

[1] for what advantage (is there) to (the) wise, (more) than (the) fool?

[2-4] what (is) to (the) poor, knowing, to go in front of the alive?

[5-6] better (is) sight of (the) eyes (two) than to go, (the) soul [appetite]

[7-8] also this (is) vanity and pursuit of wind

[9-10] what has been – already, (there) has been called, its name

[1-2] and (there) is being known – which, it (is) man

[3-5] and he is not able, to dispute with whom – to overpower, against him

[1-2] because (where) there are words, many -

[3] they make great, (the) vanity

[4] what (is) (the) advantage to man?

[5-6] because who is knowing, what is good for man in lives,

[7] number of days of lives of his vanity?

[8] and he passes them as a shadow

[9] which, who can declare to man

[10] what will be after him under the sun?

6:12

7:1

[1-2] better (is) a name than oil, good

[3] and day of the death than day of his, to be born

[4-6] better (it is), to go to house of lament than to go to house of a banquet

[7] in which, it (is) end of all mankind

[8] and the alive will set (it) to his heart

[9] better (is) vexation than laughter -

[10] because in sadness of faces, (there) is good, (the) heart

[1] heart of (the) wise (is) in (the) house of lament

[2] and heart of (the) fool (is) in house of mirth

[3-5] better (it is), to hear a rebuke of (the) wise, than a man hearing a song of fools

[6-7] because as (is) (the) voice of the thorns under the pot, so (is) (the) laughter of the fool

[8] and also this (is) vanity

[9] because the oppression makes mad, (the) wise

[10] and (there) destroys the heart, a bribe

[1] better (is) (the) latter-part of a matter than its first [beginning]

[2] better (is) (the) slow of spirit than (the) haughty of spirit

[3-4] do not hasten in your spirit to be angry

[5] because anger, in (the) bosom of fools, rests

[6] do not say

[7-8] what is it, which, the days, the firsts, were better than these?

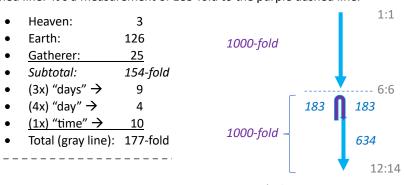
[9-10] because (it is) not from wisdom, you ask upon this

12

[1-3] good (is) wisdom with an inheritance, and (it is) an advantage to (those) seeing [4-5] because (being) in shadow [protection] of the wisdom (is being) in shadow of silver-money [6-7] and (the) advantage of knowledge (is): the wisdom enlivens its owners [8] see the work of God: [9-10] that who is able, to straighten [5] what He has bent? [1] in day of good, be in goodness [2] and in day of evil, see also: [1-2] this, to, alongside this, (there) has made, God, upon cause: [3] that (there) not find out, the man, after him, anything! [10] all, I have seen in days of my vanity: [4] there is, (the) righteous, perishing in his righteousness [5] and there is, (the) evil, prolonging in his evil [6-7] do not be righteous, overly [8-9] and do not be wise, excessively [10] to what, should you be appalled? [1-2] do not be wicked, overly [3] and do not be a fool [4-5] to what, should you die, with (it) not (being) your time? [1-2] (it is) good, which, you should take hold of this [3] and also, from this [that], not rest your hand [4-5] because (him) fearing God will come out (with) all of them [1-2] the wisdom is strong to (the) wise, (more) than ten rulers who are in a city 10 [3-5] because a man, there is not, righteous in (the) land, who does good and does not sin [1-2] also to all the words which they speak – do not set your heart [3-4] which, you will not hear your servant, cursing you! [5-6] because also – occasions, many – (there) has known, your heart – [7] which, also you have cursed others [1] all this, I tested with wisdom [2] I said [3] "I will be wise" [4] and it (was) far from me [8-10] far – (is) what has been – and deep, deep [5] who can find it?

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[1-3] I turned – I – and my heart, to know and to explore
                  [4-5] and to seek wisdom and explanation
                  [6-9] and to know wickedness, stupidity, and the folly - madness!
                  [10] and (there) was finding, I -
         [1-2] (being) bitter (more) than death, the woman, which, she -
         [3-4] snares and nets (are) her heart
         [5-6] fetters (are) her hands (two)
         [7] (the) good (man) before God will escape from her
         [8-9] and (he) sinning, will be captured in her
         [10] see -
                  [1] this. I have found
                  [2] says the Gatherer -
                  [3-4] one (being) to one –
                  [5] to find an explanation
                  [6-7] which still, (there) has sought, my soul, and I have not found!
                  [8]* a man, one, from a thousand, I have found
                                                                                          1000
                  [9] and a woman, among all these, I have not found
         [1] only, see this -
                 [10] I have found, which -
[3] (there) has made, God:
         [2-3]* the man, straightforward
         [4-5] but they have sought schemes, many
                                                                                          7:29
         [1] who (is) like the wise?
                                                                                          8:1
         [2] and who is knowing (the) interpretation of a matter?
         [3] (the) wisdom of a man makes shine, his faces
         [4] and (the) fierceness of his faces is changed
                  [1-2] I, mouth of (the) king -
         [5] keep!
                  [3] and (it being) upon cause of oath of God
         [6-7] do not be hasty (when), from before him, you go
         [8-9] do not stand in a matter, evil
                  [4-5] because all which he pleases, he does
                 [6] in which, word of (the) king (is) authority
         [10] and who says to him
                  [7] what do you do?!
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"a man, one, from a thousand, I have found" | A thousandfold reflection point has already been identified at 6:6, corresponding to a precise thousandfold literary stature. A reflective thousandfold stature may be expected, reaching toward the end of Ecclesiastes. But here, we have a solitary measure, "man, one," which is referenced "from a thousand." The placement of this third thousandfold may be significant. The measurement from the thousandfold at 6:6 is a measurement of 177-fold to the gray dashed line. It's a measurement of 183-fold to the purple dashed line.



Ecclesiastes macrostructure

Total (purple line): 177-fold + 6 elements = 183-fold

The 177-fold and 183-fold may reflect back to 6:6: "occasions, two." (In this regard, "occasions, two" may serve dual literary reflections.) The reflection forms literary statures of 354-fold and 366-fold, which correspond with the length of the lunar and solar year. See the study of Psalm 119 for the same scheme. The literary stature of a year may have relevance arising in connection with "thousand of years" at the mirroring point. The span of this design reaches, as it were, from "man, one" (here) to "place, one" (at mirror) and back again. This scheme (not "straightforward") may be cued in context.

The inversion of directionality about this folded year may also be indicated by the focus, in context, on the end from the beginning; on the latter-part of a matter being better than its first; and on the wisdom that focuses on the current days rather than "the days, the firsts."

The outcome of this scheme is that the folding of the lunar/solar year allows a second thousandfold literary stature to arise in the second half of Ecclesiastes, reaching from 6:6 to the end of the book ("end of (the) matter, (it is)"), to the very last line. See comments and table, end of Ecclesiastes.

[1-2] (him) keeping (the) commandment will not know a matter, evil [3-4] and time and judgment, (there) will know, (the) heart, [5] wise [1-2] because for every delight, there is a time and judgment [3] because evil of the man (is) great upon him [4-5] because there is not, his knowing, what will be [1-2] because, as which it will be – who can declare to him? [3-4] there is not a man, a ruler with spirit, to restrain the spirit [5] and there is not authority in day of death [1] and there is not discharge in war [2] and (there) will not make escape, wickedness, its owners [8] all this, I have seen [9] and to set my heart to every work [3] which, it has been done under the sun [4] a time which (there) had domineered, the man, against a man, for evil to him [10] and in thus, I have seen 100 [1] because also (there) is knowing, I, which

Ecclesiastes

[5] (the) wicked being buried [6-7] and they had come, and from place of holy, they had gone [8-9] and they were forgotten in city which, thus, they had done [10] also this (is) vanity [1-2] which, there is not, having been done, sentence of deed, the evil, [3] quickly [4-5] upon thus, (there) has been filled, heart of sons of man in them, to do evil [1-2] which, (him) sinning, is doing evil, a hundred [3] and is prolonging for him -[4-5] it will be good for (those) reverent of God, who are fearing before Him [6] and good, it will not be, for (the) wicked [7] and he will not prolong days as a shadow [8] which, there is not, his reverence before God [9-10] there is a vanity which is done upon the earth: [1] which, there are righteous [2] which, it happens to them according to deeds of the wicked [3] and there are wicked [4] which, it happens to them according to deeds of the righteous [2] I have said [5] which also, this (is) vanity

[3-4] and I praised – I – the mirth

[1] which, there is not good for a man under the sun,

[2-4] except to eat and to drink and to rejoice

[5] and it will join him in his toil, days of his lives

[4] which (there) has given to him, God, under the sun

[5-6] as which I have set my heart to know wisdom

[7] and to see the task

[1] which is done upon the earth

[2] because also, in day

[3-4] and in night – sleep, with eyes (two), there is not, his, seeing

[8] and I have seen all (the) work of God

[5-6] that (there) is not able, the man, to find the works

[7] which, they are done under the sun

[8-9] in which – to which (there) toils, the man, to seek –

[10] and he will not find!

[1-2] and also, if (there) says, the wise, to know

[3-4] he is not able, to find

8:17

[9] but all this, I set to my heart

[10] and to explain all this

9:1

[5-7] which, the righteous and the wise and their deeds (are) in the hand of God

[8-9] also love, also hatred – there is not, knowing, the man

[10] all (are) before them [mankind]

[1-3] all – as which, (there is) to all a fate, one – (there is) to righteous and to wicked

[4-6] to good and to pure and to unclean

[7-8] to (him) sacrificing and to which, there is not, him, sacrificing

[9-10] as (is) (the) good, so (is) (him) sinning

[1-3] the, (him) swearing, (is) as which – an oath, he is fearing

[4-5] this (is) an evil in all which is done under the sun

[1] because a fate, one, (is) to all

[2] and also (the) heart of the sons of man is full of evil

[3] and madnesses (are) in their heart, in their lives

[4] and after it, to the, (their) dying

[5-6] because who – which, he is joined to all the alive – there is hope

[7-8] because to a dog, alive –

[9] he (is) better than the lion,

[10] the, having died

- [1-2] because the alive are knowing that they will die
- [3-4] and the, having died there is not, their knowing anything!
- [5] and there is not, still to them, a reward
- [1] because (there) has been forgotten, (the) memory of them
- [2-4] also their love, also their hatred, also their jealousy, already, has perished
- [5-6] and a share, there is not to them, still, to forever, in all which they have done under the sun

- [7-8] go, eat with mirth, your bread!
- [9-10] and drink with a heart, good, your wine!
- [5] because already, (there) has accepted, God, your works
 - [1] in every time, let (there) be, your garments, white
 - [2] and oil upon your head, let (there) not lack
 - [3-4] see lives with wife whom you love, all days of lives of your vanity –
- [6] which, He has given to you under the sun
 - [5] all days of your vanity,
 - [6-7] because it (is) your portion in lives and in your toil which you are toiling under the sun
 - [8-9] all which (there) finds, your hand, to do –
 - [10] in your might, do (it)!
 - [1-4] because there is not work and explanation and knowledge and wisdom in Sheol [death's place]
 - [5] which, you are going there
- --- minor paragraph break ---
 - [1-2] I turned back and saw under the sun
 - [1] that not to (the) swift (is) the race
 - [2] and not to (the) mighty (is) the battle
 - [3] and also, not to (the) wise (is) bread
 - [4-5] and also, not to (those) being discerning, (is) wealth
 - [6-7] and also, not to (those) knowing, (is) favor
 - [8-9] because time and chance befall all of them
 - [10] because also, (there) does not know, the man, his time
 - [1-2] as fish which are being taken in a net, evil
 - [3] and as birds, the, being taken in a snare -
 - [4-5] as them, (there) are being ensnared, the sons of man, to a time, evil
 - [6-7] as which, it falls upon them, suddenly
 - [3-4] also this, I have seen wisdom under the sun –
 - [5] and great, it (was) to me:
 - [8-9] (there was) a city, little
 - [10] and men in her (were) few

[1-2] and (there) came to her a king, great [3] and he surrounded her [4-5] and he built upon her siegeworks, great [1-3] and (there) was found in her a man, poor, wise [4] and (there) delivered, he, the city with his wisdom [5-7] but not a man remembered the man, the poor, the it [6-7] and I say - I -[8] better is wisdom than might [9] and wisdom of the poor is being despised [10] and his words, there is not, their being heard [1] words of the wise, in quiet, are being heard [2] (more) than (the) shout of (him) ruling among fools [3] better (is) wisdom than weapons of war [4-5] and (him) sinning – one – destroys good, much 9:18 [1-3] flies of death make worthless, make pour out, oil of spice-mixing 10:1 [4-5] weightier than wisdom, than honor, (is) folly of a few [1-2] a heart, wise, (is) to his right-hand [3-4] and a heart, foolish, (is) to his left-hand [5-6] and also in (the) way, as which the fool is going – his heart is lacking [7-8] and he says to all, a fool, he (is) [9-10] if spirit [anger] of the, (him) ruling, rises upon you – [1] your position, do not relax [2-3] because composure makes rest, sins, great [4] there is an evil [8] I have seen under the sun [5] as an error which is going out from before the ruler: [1-2] (there) has been set, folly, in high-places, many [3] and (the) rich, in a low-place, sit [9] I have seen [4-5] slaves upon horses and princes walking like slaves, upon the earth [1-2] (he) digging a pit – into it, he will fall [3-4] and (he) breaking a wall – (there) will bite him, a serpent [5-6] (he) quarrying stones will be hurt by them [7-8] (he) splitting trees will be endangered by them [9-10] if (there) has become blunt, the iron, and he does not, (the) faces, whet -

[1] and (with) strengths, he must be strong

[2-3] and an advantage, to make successful, (is) wisdom

[4-5] if (there) bites, the serpent, in (there) not (being) a charm

[6] and there is not an advantage to (the) master of the tongue [charmer]

[7] words of (the) mouth of (the) wise (are) grace

[8] and lips of (the) fool swallow him

[9-10] beginning of words of his mouth (is) folly, and latter-part of his mouth (is) madness, evil

[1] and the fool multiplies words

[2-3] (there) does not know, the man, what will be

[4-5] and which, (there) will be from after him – who will declare to him?

[1] (the) toil of the fools wearies him

[2-3] which, he does not know, to go to a city

[4-5] woe (is) to you, land, which, your king (is) a youth!

[6] and your princes, in (the) morning, eat!

[7-8] blessed (are) you, land, which, your king (is) son of nobles

[9-10] and your princes, in time, eat for strength and not for drunkenness

[1]* in lazinesses (two), (there) sinks, the roof

[2-3] and in negligence of hands (two), (there) leaks, the house

[4-5] for laughter, (they) are making bread, and wine gladdens the lives

[6] and the silver-money answers everything

[7] even in your thought – (the) king, do not curse

[8] and in rooms of your bed, do not curse (the) rich

[9-10] because a bird of the heavens will carry the voice, and a master of the wings (two) will declare (the) matter

10:20

[1-2]* send forth your bread upon faces of the waters

[3] because after an abundance of days, you will find it

[4-10] give a portion to seven

[1-8] and also to eight

[9] because you do not know

[10] what, (there) will be, evil upon the earth

[1-2] if (there) are filled, the clouds – rain, upon the earth, they will empty

[3-4] and if (there) falls, a tree, in (the) south – and if in (the) north –

[5-6] place which (there) falls, the tree – there it will be

[7-8] (he) watching (the) wind will not sow

[9-10] and (he) observing at (the) clouds will not reap

"in lazinesses (two), (there) sinks, the roof" | Although the noun for laziness is a Hebrew dual word, it appears to be counted as a single concept *laziness* here.

"send forth your bread upon faces of the waters" | Judging by the completeness and flow of the literary sets, it appears this phrase carries a dual literary count. Perhaps this device is in relation to the reflective surface of waters, which features also as a reflection in time here ("after an abundance of days, you will find it"). Compare with Gen. 1:2. If accurately modeled here, the sevenfold and eightfold cardinals that follow, serve to lock in this literary design.

11:1

- [1] as which, there is not, your knowing
- [2] what (is) way of the spirit, according to bones, in (the) womb of the pregnant
- [3] thus you do not know (the) work of God
- [7] which, he makes everything
 - [4]* in morning, sow your seed
 - [5] and to evening, do not relax your hand
 - [6-8] because there is not, your knowing, where this will succeed if this or this [that]
 - [9-10] and whether two of them, as one, (will be) good
 - [1] and sweet (is) the light
 - [2-3] and (it is) good for eyes (two) to see the sun
 - [4-5] because if years, many, (there) lives, the man
 - [6] in all of them, let him rejoice
 - [7] and let him remember (the) days of darkness -
 - [8] that many, they will be
 - [9-10] all, which has come, (is) vanity
 - [1] rejoice, young-man, in your youth
 - [2] and make good, your heart, in days of your youth
 - [3] and go in ways of your heart
 - [4-5] and in sights of your eyes (two)
 - [6] and know that upon all these -
- [8] (there) will bring you God into judgment
 - [7] and turn aside, vexation from your heart
 - [8] and make pass by, evil, from your flesh
 - [9-10] because the youth and the dawn (are) vanity

11:10

12:1

- [1-] and remember
- [9] Him having created you
 - [-2] in days of your youth, as far as which, (there) not come, days of evil
 - [3-4] and (there) touch (you), years, which you say
 - [5] "there is not to me, in them, delight"
 - [5-9] as far as which, (there) is not darkened, the sun and the light and the moon and the stars
 - [10] and (there) turn back, the clouds, after the rain
 - [1-2] in day which, (there) tremble, (those) keeping the house
 - [3-4] and (there) bend themselves, men of strength
 - [5-6] and (there) cease, the molars, because they are few
 - [7-8] and (there) grow dark, (those) seeing in latticed-windows
 - [9-10] and (there) are shut, doors (two) in (the) street

"in morning... and to evening..." | The words "morning" and "evening" each have literary conversion values of 0.5-fold, totaling to a day (1-fold). See examples in Genesis and in Daniel. Here, the discussion continues with multiple references to this "morning" and "evening" sowing, which appear to carry the same literary conversion values:

- "...where this will succeed" = morning & evening together = 1-fold
- "...if this or this [that]" = morning + evening = 1-fold
- "...and whether two of them..." = morning + evening = 1-fold
- "...as one, (will be) good" = morning & evening together = 1-fold

Taken together, these instances add 4-fold literary conversion value, in addition to the 1-fold value of "in morning... and to evening." See the tabulation at the end of Ecclesiastes.

Ecclesiastes [1] in (there), to be low, a voice of the mill [2] and he arises to voice of the bird [3] and (there) are bowed down, all daughters of the song [4] also from (the) high, they fear [5] and terrors (are) in (the) way [1] and (there) blossoms, the almond-tree [2] and (there) drags, the grasshopper [3] and (there) breaks, the desire [4] because (there) is going, the man, to house of his forever [5-6] and (there) turn about in (the) street, the (those) lamenting [7] as far as which, (there) is not snapped, cord of the silver [8] and (there) breaks, bowl of the gold [9] and (there) is shattered, water-jar upon the spring [10] and (there) is crushed, the wheel to the cistern [1-2] and (there) turns back, the dust, upon the earth, as which, it was [3] and the spirit turns back to God [10] who gave it [4] vanity of vanities! [10] says the Gatherer [5] all (is) vanity! [1] and besides which, (there) was, (the) Gatherer, wise [2] also he taught knowledge, the people [3-4] and he pondered and searched, [5-6] arranging proverbs, many [7-8] (there) sought, (the) Gatherer, to find words of delight [9-10] and writing uprightness, words of truth [1] words of the wise (are) like goads [2-3] and like nails having been planted (are) masters of collections [4] they have been given – [1] from (Him) shepherding, one [5-6] and besides, from these, my son, (you) be warned

> [7-8] to make books, many – there is not an end [9-10] and study, much, (is) weariness of flesh



- [1] end of (the) matter, (it is) -
- [2] all has been heard:
- [3] God, fear
- [4] and His commandments, keep
- [5] because this (is) all the man
- [2] because every deed, God will bring into judgment –
- [3-5] upon everything having been hidden, if good, and if evil

From central reflection point at 6:6 ("occasions two"):

•	Heaven:	16
•	Earth:	575
•	Gatherer:	81
•	Subtotal:	672

12:14

•	(9x) "time" at tenfold conversion value =	90-fold
•	(12x) "days" at threefold conversion value =	36-fold
•	(7x) "day" at singlefold conversion value =	7-fold
•	(2x) "years" at threefold conversion value =	6-fold
•	(2x) "morning" at 0.5-fold conversion value =	1-fold
•	(1x) "evening" at 0.5-fold conversion value =	0.5-fold
•	(4x) reference to evening + morning (see 11:6) =	4-fold
•	(1x) "dawn" at 0.5-fold conversion value =	0.5-fold
•	Subtotal:	145-fold

Total literary stature from the central reflection point: 672 + 145-fold = 817-fold

Balance of second 1000-fold stature: 1000-fold -817-fold =183-fold, which is folded (reflected) and counted again from the mirroring point at 6:6.

Total literary stature of the book: 1000-fold + 1000-fold (folded) = 2000-fold

Total literary count for the book: 658 + 672 = 1330

Total time conversion value for the book: 342 + 145 = 487-fold